

## Exercise: Entropy

Table 1 shows the values of annotated variables for some patients. Calculate the entropy for all pairs of variables, excluding the identifiers ( $d^*$ ).

Training	fever	vomiting	diarrhea	shivering	Classification
$d_1$	no	no	no	no	healthy (H)
$d_2$	average	no	no	no	influenza (I)
$d_3$	high	no	no	yes	influenza (I)
$d_4$	high	yes	yes	no	salmonella poisoning (S)
$d_5$	average	no	yes	no	salmonella poisoning (S)
$d_6$	no	yes	yes	no	bowel inflammation (B)
$d_7$	average	yes	yes	no	bowel inflammation (B)

Table 1: Annotated variables for patients

According to the entropy values calculated, which is the best variable to predict if a person is healthy or not?

Table 2 shows other set of data where one of the variables ( $x_2$ ) is numerical. How would you calculate entropy in this context (it is not allowed to consider each one of the numerical values as a unique value)?

Sample	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	Class
1	A	70	true	$C_1$
2	A	90	true	$C_2$
3	A	85	false	$C_2$
4	A	95	false	$C_2$
5	A	70	false	$C_1$
6	B	90	true	$C_1$
7	B	78	false	$C_1$
8	B	65	true	$C_1$
9	B	75	false	$C_1$
10	C	80	true	$C_2$
11	C	70	true	$C_2$
12	C	80	false	$C_1$
13	C	80	false	$C_1$
14	C	96	false	$C_1$

Table 2: Annotated variables for some observations